## IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A therapeutic method comprising enhancing wound healing in a mammal afflicted with a wound comprising administering an effective amount of a composition comprising proepithelin (PEPI) to said mammal; and wherein the mammal is a secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor (SLPI) deficient mammal.
- 2. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the composition further comprises an effective amount of secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor (SLPI).
- 3. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the proepithelin comprises an amino acid sequence having any one of SEQ ID NO:1, or 2...
- 4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 2, wherein the secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor comprises [[an]] amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:7.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the proepithelin is produced recombinantly.
- 6. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 5, wherein the proepithelin is encoded by a nucleic acid comprising SEQ ID NO:3.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the mammal is a human.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the wound involves epithelial tissue.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the wound involves skin, respiratory tract, kidney, uterus or cervix.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the wound involves connective tissue.

- 11. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the wound is due to surgical intervention.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the wound is created by accidental trauma.
- 13. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the proepithelin is administered prior to creation of the wound.
- 14. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor is administered prior to creation of the wound.
- 15. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the proepithelin is administered after the wound occurs.
- 16. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor is administered after the wound occurs.
- 17. (Currently Amended) The method of claimelaims 1, wherein the proepithelin is administered parenterally, by injection, infusion, or topical application.
- 18. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 2elaims 1, wherein the secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor is administered parenterally, by injection, infusion, or topical application.
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the mammal has a deficiency of endogenous proepithelin, secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor or both.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the rate of wound healing is enhanced.
- 21. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein inflammation is inhibited.

- 22. (Canceled)
- 23. (Canceled)
- 24. (Currently Amended) A therapeutic method comprising inhibiting inflammation in a mammal afflicted with a wound comprising administering an effective amount of a composition comprising proepithelin (PEPI) to said mammal; and wherein the mammal is a secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor (SLPI) deficient mammal.
- 25. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 24, wherein the composition further comprises an effective amount of secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor (SLPI).
- 26. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 24, wherein the proepithelin comprises an amino acid sequence having any one of SEQ ID NO:1, or 2..
- 27. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 25, wherein the secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor comprises [[an]] amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:7.
- 28. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein the proepithelin is produced recombinantly.
- 29. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 28, wherein the proepithelin is encoded by a nucleic acid comprising SEQ ID NO:3.
- 30. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein the mammal is a human.
- 31. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein the wound involves epithelial tissue.
- 32. (Original) The method of claim 24 wherein the wound involves skin, respiratory tract, kidney, uterus or cervix.

- 33. (Original) The method of claim 24 wherein the wound involves connective tissue.
- 34. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein the wound is due to surgical intervention.
- (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein the wound is created by accidental trauma. 35.
- 36. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 24, wherein the proepithelin is administered prior to creation of the wound.
- 37. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor is administered prior to creation of the wound.
- 38. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 24, wherein the proepithelin is administered after the wound occurs.
- 39. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor is administered after the wound occurs.
- 40. (Currently Amended) The method of elaimsclaim 24, wherein the proepithelin is administered parenterally, by injection, infusion, or topical application.
- 41. (Currently Amended) The method of claims 24claim 25, wherein the secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor is administered parenterally, by injection, infusion, or topical application.
- 42. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein the mammal has a deficiency of endogenous proepithelin, secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor or both.
- 43. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein the rate of wound healing is enhanced.

- 44. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein inflammation is inhibited.
- 45. (Canceled)
- 46. (Canceled)
- 47. (Withdrawn) A pharmaceutical composition comprising an effective amount of proepithelin, or a subunit thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 48. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 47, wherein the effective amount can enhance or accelerate wound healing.
- 49. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 47, wherein the effective amount can reduce inflammation.
- 50. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 47, wherein the proepithelin or subunit thereof is of human origin.
- 51. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 47, wherein the proepithelin or subunit thereof comprises a polypeptide having amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:1, 2, 4 or 5.
- 52. (Withdrawn) A pharmaceutical composition comprising an effective amount of proepithelin, or a subunit thereof, in combination with SLPI, or a subunit thereof, and in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 53. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 52, wherein the effective amount can enhance or accelerate wound healing.

- 54. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 52, wherein the effective amount can reduce inflammation.
- 55. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 52, wherein the proepithelin or subunit thereof and/or SLPI or subunit thereof are of human origin.
- 56. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 52, wherein the proepithelin or subunit thereof comprises a polypeptide having amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:1, 2, 4 or 5.
- 57. (Withdrawn) The composition of claim 52, wherein the SLPI or subunit thereof comprises a polypeptide having amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:7 or 9.
- 58. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the proepithelin is human proepithelin.
- 59. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 2[[1]], wherein the secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor is human secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor.
- 60. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 24, wherein the proepithelin is human proepithelin.
- 61. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 25[[24]], wherein the secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor is human secretory leukocyte protease inhibitor.